THE MYSORE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

SEVENTY-SECOND DAY

Thursday, 7th September, 1961.

The House met in the Assembly Hall, Vidhana Soudha, Bangalore, at One of the Clock.

Mr. SPEAKER (Sri S. R. KANTHI, B.A., LL.B.) in the Chair.

STARRED QUESTIONS

(To which oral answeres were given.)

FOREIGN AID RECEIVED BY THE STATE GOVERNMENT UNDER UNICEF.

*Q.—367. Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU (Cubbonpet).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(*a*) the amount of foreign aid received by the State Government under UNICEF as follows :—

(i) directly through the Government of India :

(ii) indirectly through the guarantee ;

(iii) private collaborations ;

(*b*) the schemes that are pending before the Government and how does not Government propose to deal with them ?

A.—Sri T. MARIAPPA (Minister for Finance).—

(*a*) According to the information furnished by the Departments, the aid received through the Government of India is as under :—

(i) Material and enquipment of the value of$205,864.72 and Milk Powders of the value of Rs. 8,34,634 have been received. In addition. 44 vehicles of the value of Rs. 5,17,207.93 have also been received. Besides cash grant of Rs. 19,180 towards the stipends to health staff for Orientation and Refresher Courses has been received in addition.

The above aid covers the following schemes :—

1. Development of Health services in Community Develvement areas—Subsidiary Plan of Operations.

2. M. C. H. Milk Feeding Programme.

(Sri T. MARIAPPA)

Teaching equipment such as books, charts, etc., to the training schools for Nurses attached to Civil Hospitals, Gulbarga and Mercara. have been supplied by the UNICEF authorities. The cost of these is not known.

The UNICEF have granted fellowships to six Nurses of the Medical Department during 1960-61 for undergoing training in Sister-tutor Courses at the College of Nursing in New Delhi and Government General Hospital, Madras. The approximate amount of aid given by the UNICEF for the courses was Rs. 11,710. The amount was received by the candidates directly on account of the following items :—

		Rs
1. Daily Stipends	...	9,120-00
2. Travel Subsistence allowance	...	240-00
3. First Class Railway Fare	...	850-00
4. Tuition Fees	...	1,500-00
Total	...	11,710-00

(ii) Nil.

(iii) Nil.

(*b*) No schemes are reported to be pending.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—You have been pleased to state about the financial assistance received under UNICEF. Does this cover any plan period or is it confined to one particular year. Does it stop with one year or does it continue?

†Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—There is no definite period. From the time we began to receive, up-to-date information is given.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—What is the duration of Orientation and Refresher Courses referred to and who is to bear the cost if the course is to continue further?

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—The details of duration are not available; the details of cost have been given.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—Tomorrow if it is necessary to have certain financial assistance to continue and complete these courses, who is to meet that cost?

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—The pattern is that the full cost is borne for the full course.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—You say that "the UNICEF have granted fellowships to six Nurses of the Medical Department during 1960-61..." Does it stop with 1960-61 or does it continue further?

†Indicates that the remarks or speeches have not been revised by the Member concerned.

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—Until they complete the course of education stipulated by the scheme.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—With regard to question (*a*) (ii) and (iii) and question (*b*) you have said 'Nil' Is there no other scheme that is contemplated by which the Government can exploit the advantages of the UNICEF?

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—If the Hon'ble Member refers to UNICEF, that means it is a particular type of assistance and the particular type of scheme which is called United Nations International Children's 'Emergency Fund' and under that scheme, a particular type of assistance is given. If the Honourable Member refers to other types of scheme in the field of industrialisation and other things, that may be a separate question and those details may not be relevant and those aids may not come under UNICEF.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—You have stated on page 2 'M.C.H. Milk Feeding Programe'; but you have not given further details. What is the progress, what is the financial assistance, what is the equipment, what is the cost and to what extent they are going to finance. Are they going to stop with Rs. 20-30 lakhs which they are going to give.

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—This is maternity and child health scheme.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—Let me know what are the main essentials or the outlines of the M.C.H. Milk Feeding Programme.

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—It includes expectant mothers and after the delivery for a certain period and then infants.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—On what basis the Minister is furnishing this information.

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.— From the information available in Government records.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—I want to know whether M.C.H. is the abbreviation of what you said?

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—That is my information.

Sri J. B. MALLARADHYA.—How is it that under the UNICEF scheme, not a single pie is obtained for the education of children. You know that under this scheme, large grants are made to different States under Education.

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—It will be better if I read a paragraph from 'India, 1961' wherein the activities of the Unicef are described briefly. "During 1960, the Unicef allocated to India Rs. 1,57,06,200 at its session held in March 1960. Assistance is provided in the form of equipment and supplies for the following; B.C.G. Vaccination campaign. Teaching at the Agra Medical College; Tracoma control; Vaccine production; Whooping Cough· Milk Conservation in Calcutta and Andhra Pradesh.... The total assistance from UNICEF till the end of 1960 amounted to Rs. 29,03,84,257."

(Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN)

So, under this all assistance comes from the Government of India and they distribute it.

ಶ್ರೀ ಜೆ. ಬಿ. ವಂಕಟ್ಟರಾವ್ಯ. ಈ M. C. H. ಎಂದ್ರೆ ಶ್ಯೋಗ್ಯಾಂ ಪಾರಿಯುಲ್ಲಿದೆಯೋ! ಇದ್ದರೆ ಇದರ ವಿವರಗಳೇನು!

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—Milk powder distributionis one the schemes contemplated. Government do it through several agencies and one of the agencies is mentions here.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—I have asked about the assistance directly or indirectly through the guarantee of the Government. This is a scheme that is going to continue for years. What is the financial commitment? Not a word has been said?

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—Sir, if the Hon' ble Member is referring to (1) 2, this is not a scheme which could be found under UNICEF or collaboration. M. C. H. is quite different from this.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—In view of the huge assistance received, what has been given to Mysore is too meagre. Is it not a fact?

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—It is a matter of opinion. We do not know the the needs of the whole of India, and according to the needs, Government of India distribute it.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—What is the basis on which this Government is getting this aid?

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—The basis is decided by the Government of India.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—Sir, you have started milk powder distribution scheme. Here, you have received milk powder to the tune of 8 lakhs. Am I to take it that this scheme would cease the movement this amount exhausts or would it be continued for years?

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—Sir, distribution of milk powder is not confined through UNICEF we get it through Red Cross and other institutions. So, if this stops, the others may continue. Therefore, the activity may go on.

Sri V. P. DEENADAYALU NAIDU.—It is not a question of 'May', let us be definite: Are you going to continue this scheme for some more years? We cannot be at the mercy of the Red Cross or other institutions whose supply is not definite.

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—all the information that is given here is depending upon the contribution we receive from the different institutions.

Dr. K. K. HEGDE (Minister for Health).—Sir, there was a Committee constituted to distribute the milk power, presided over by the Deputy Education Minister and the D.P.I., D.P.H. and D. M. S. as members.

ಶ್ರೀ ಜೆ. ಬಿ. ಮಲ್ಲಾರಾಧ್ಯ.—ತಮಗೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ದೇಶಾದ್ಯಂತವೂ ಒತ್ತಾಯಪೂರ್ವಕ ಡಾರಿಗೆ ತರಲು ಹೊರಟಿರುವಾಗ ಈ ಯೂನಿಸೆಫ್‌ನವರು ಕೊಡುತ್ತಿರುವ ಹಾಲಿನ ಪುಡಿ ಸರಬರಾಯಿ ನಿಂತಮೇಲೆ ಮುಂದೆ ಈ ಮಿರ್ಕ್‌ಸ್ಕೀಂನನ್ನು ಏನು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾರೆ ?

Dr. K. K. HEGDE.—That is a hypothetical question.

ಶ್ರೀ ಜೆ. ಬಿ. ಮಲ್ಲಾರಾಧ್ಯ.— ಸ್ವಾಮಿ, ಆ ವಿದ್ಯಾ ಮಂತ್ರಿಗಳಾದರೂ ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ ಹೇಳ ಬಲ್ಲರೇನು ?

(ಉತ್ತರವಿಲ್ಲ)

Sri B. S. SHANKARAPPA.—Which is the milk powder that is sold in the shops Sir ?

Dr. K. K. HEGDE.—The shop proprietor has got to be asked about that.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪಿ. ರೇವಣಸಿದ್ದಪ್ಪ.—ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರಿಗೆ ಇದರ ಪೂರ್ಣ ಪರಿಜ್ಞಾನವಿಲ್ಲ ವೆಂಬುದಾಗಿ ಅವರು ಇಲ್ಲಿಯವರೆಗೂ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರತಕ್ಕ ಉತ್ತರಗಳಿಂದ ವೇದ್ಯವಾಗುತ್ತಲ್ಲವೆ?

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು.—ಆರ್ಡರ್ ಆರ್ಡರ್ ತಾವು ಹೇಳುವುದು ಸರಿಯಲ್ಲ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜೆ. ಮುಕ್ಕಣ್ಣಪ್ಪ.—ಈ ಸಹಾಯವನ್ನು ವ್ಯಾಂತ ಸರ್ಕಾರಗಳು ಯಾವ ರೀತಿ ಎನಿಯೋಗ ಮಾಡಿ ಕೊಂಡಿರುತ್ತವೆ !

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—It has been distributed according to the needs of the area.

Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.—I want to know the policy they have followed in this matter.

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು.—ಯಾವುದೋ ಒಂದು ಪ್ರೋಗ್ರಾಂ ಇದೆ, ಅದರ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಹಂಚಿಕೆ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದೇವೆ ಎಂದು ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಆಗಲೇ ಉತ್ತರ ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಜೆ. ಬಿ. ಮಲ್ಲಾರಾಧ್ಯ.—ಆ ಮಿರ್ಕ್‌ಸ್ಕೀಂನ ವಿಚಾರ ಹಾಗಿರಲಿ. ಅವರು ಹಾಕಿ ಕೊಂಡಿರತಕ್ಕ ಆ ಪ್ರೋಗ್ರಾಂ ಇದೆಯಲ್ಲ ಅದರ ವಿವರಗಳೇನು ?

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—That is a scheme under which maternity and child health needs are attended to.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಕರಿಯಪ್ಪ.—ಉತ್ತರದಲ್ಲಿ ಸೂಚಿಸಿರುವ 44 ವೆಹಿಕರ್ಸ್‌ಗಳನ್ನು ಯಾವ ರೀತಿ ಉಪಯೋಗ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ ?

ಶ್ರೀ ಜೆ. ಎಚ್. ಷಂಷುದ್ದೀನ್.—ಬ್ಲಾಕ್ ಡೆವಲಪ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್‌ನಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆರ್ತ್ ಯೂನಿಯಟ್‌ಗಳಿವೆ. ಆ ಪ್ರೈಮರಿ ಹೆರ್ತ್ ಯೂನಿಟ್‌ಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಇವುಗಳನ್ನು ಉಪಯೋಗ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತಿದೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೆ. ಪಿ. ರೇವಣಸಿದ್ದಪ್ಪ.—ಇದರ ಆಡಳಿತವೂ ಆ ಮಲ್ಟಿಪರ್ಪಸ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿಗಳ ಆಡಳಿತವಿದ್ದಂತೆಯೇನು !

ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು.—ಆರ್ಡರ್ – ಆರ್ಡರ್ ಎವರಗಳಿದ್ದರೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಏಕೆ ಸಭೆಗೆ ತಿಳಿಸ ದಾರದು ?

Sri J. H. SHAMSUDDIN.—So far as milk distribution is concernd we have opened centres and according to the need it is given. So far as vehicles are concerned, wherever there are health units, they are given to those health centres sanctioned by Government.